

On the Lambek Calculus with an Exchange Modality

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Linearity and Non-Linearity

- ▶ Girard bridged linearity with non-linearity via $!A$.
- ▶ This modality isolates the structural rules:

$$\frac{\Gamma_1, \Gamma_2 \vdash B}{\Gamma_1, !A, \Gamma_2} \text{WEAK}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma_1, !A, !A, \Gamma_2 \vdash B}{\Gamma_1, !A, \Gamma_2} \text{CONTRACT}$$

- ▶ Linear Logic = linearity + of-course

Linearity and Non-Linearity

Linear Logic takes for granted the structural rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma_1, A, B, \Gamma_2 \vdash C}{\Gamma_1, B, A, \Gamma_2 \vdash C} \text{EX}$$

Lambek Calculus

- ▶ Lambek invented what we call the Lambek Calculus to give a mathematical semantics to sentence structure.
- ▶ Lambek Calculus = linearity - exchange
 - ▶ Non-commutative tensor: $A \triangleright B$
 - ▶ Non-commutative implications: $[[A < -B]]$ and $[[A- > B]]$
- ▶ No modalities
- ▶ Applications

Lambek Calculus

Question posed by computational linguists:

Can we add a modality to the Lambek Calculus that does for exchange what of-course does for weakening and contraction?

Motivation

In process calculi, to model sequential composition of processes:

$A \otimes B$

- ▶ Commutative tensor product
- ▶ Processes A and B run in parallel

$A \triangleright B$

- ▶ Non-commutative tensor product
- ▶ Process A runs first, then process B

Basic Approach

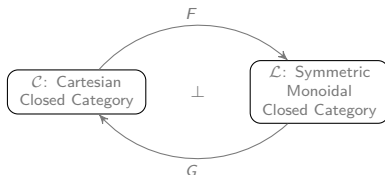
Abstract Benton's Linear/Non-Linear (LNL) model:

- ▶ Remove the exchange structural rule: implicit in $\Phi, \Psi; \Gamma, \Delta$
- ▶ Two logics:
 - ▶ Intuitionistic linear logic
 - ▶ Lambek Calculus

Linear/Non-Linear Model

A symmetric monoidal adjunction $F \dashv G$:

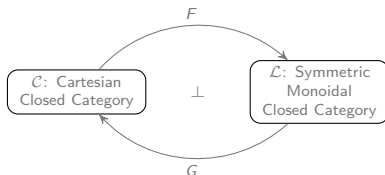
- ▶ Counit: $\varepsilon : FG \rightarrow id_{\mathcal{C}}$
- ▶ Unit: $\eta : id_{\mathcal{L}} \rightarrow GF$



Linear/Non-Linear Model

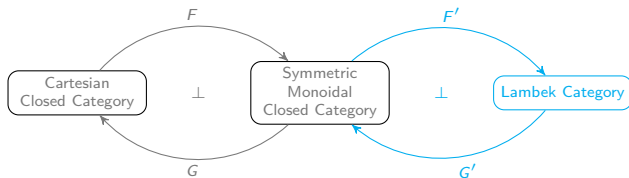
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- ▶ Monad $(GF, \eta, \mu = G\varepsilon_F)$ on the CCC: strong and commutative
- ▶ Comonad $(FG, \varepsilon, \delta = F\eta_G)$ on the SMCC: symmetric monoidal
- ▶ Of-course modality: $! = FG$

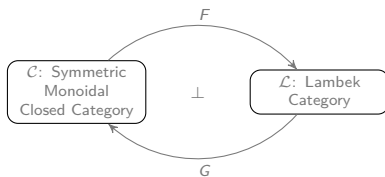
Commutative/Non-Commutative (CNC) Model



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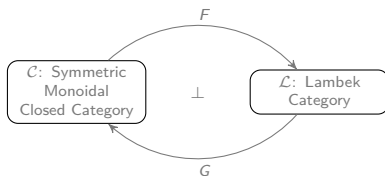
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Commutative/Non-Commutative (CNC) Model

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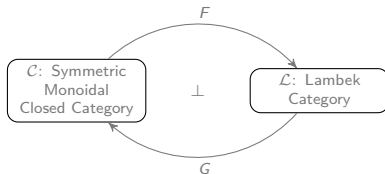
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- ▶ Monad $(GF, \eta, \mu = G\varepsilon_F)$ on the SMCC: strong but non-commutative
- ▶ Comonad $(FG, \varepsilon, \delta = F\eta_G)$ on the Lambek category: monoidal
- ▶ Exchange: a natural transformation $ex^{FG} : A \triangleright B \rightarrow B \triangleright A$ in the co-Eilenberg-Moore category \mathcal{L}^{FG} of the comonad
 $\Rightarrow: \mathcal{L}^{FG}$ is symmetric monoidal

CNC Logic

- ▶ Left: intuitionistic linear logic
- ▶ Right: mixed commutative/non-commutative Lambek calculus



CNC Logic: Notation

Intuitionistic Linear Logic

\mathcal{C} -Types: W, X, Y, Z

\mathcal{C} -Terms: t

\mathcal{C} -Contexts: Φ, Ψ

\mathcal{C} -Typing Judgment: $\Phi, \Psi \vdash_{\mathcal{C}} t : X$

Lambek Calculus

\mathcal{L} -Types: A, B, C, D

\mathcal{L} -Terms: s

\mathcal{L} -Contexts: Γ, Δ

\mathcal{L} -Typing Judgment: $\Gamma; \Delta \vdash_{\mathcal{L}} s : A$

CNC Logic: Example Typing Rules

Exchange rules:

$$\frac{\Phi, x : X, y : Y, \Psi \vdash_{\mathcal{C}} t : Z}{\Phi, z : Y, w : X, \Psi \vdash_{\mathcal{C}} \text{ex } w, z \text{ with } x, y \text{ in } t : Z} \mathcal{C}\text{-ex}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma; x : X; y : Y; \Delta \vdash_{\mathcal{L}} s : A}{\Gamma; z : Y; w : X; \Delta \vdash_{\mathcal{L}} \text{ex } w, z \text{ with } x, y \text{ in } s : A} \mathcal{L}\text{-ex}$$

CNC Logic: Example Typing Rules

Functor rules for G:

$$\frac{\Phi \vdash_{\mathcal{L}} s : A}{\Phi \vdash_{\mathcal{C}} Gs : GA} \mathcal{C}\text{-G}_I$$

$$\frac{\Phi \vdash_{\mathcal{C}} t : GA}{\Phi \vdash_{\mathcal{L}} \text{derelict } t : A} \mathcal{C}\text{-G}_E$$

CNC Logic: Example Typing Rules

Functor rules for G:

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Functor rules for F:

$$\frac{\Phi \vdash_{\mathcal{C}} t : X}{\Phi \vdash_{\mathcal{L}} Ft : FX} \mathcal{L}\text{-F}_I$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash_{\mathcal{L}} s_1 : FX \quad \Delta_1; x : X; \Delta_2 \vdash_{\mathcal{L}} s_2 : A}{\Delta_1; \Gamma; \Delta_2 \vdash_{\mathcal{L}} \text{let } s_1 : FX \text{ be } Fx \text{ in } s_2 : A} \mathcal{L}\text{-F}_E$$

CNC Logic: Other Results

- ▶ β -reductions: one step β -reduction rules
- ▶ Commuting conversions
- ▶ Cut elimination
- ▶ Equivalence between sequent calculus and natural deduction
- ▶ Strong normalization via a translation to LNL logic
- ▶ A concrete model in dialectica categories

Conclusion

- ▶ Commutative/Non-commutative Logic:
 - ▶ Left: intuitionistic linear logic
 - ▶ Right: Lambek calculus
- ▶ Categorical model: a monoidal adjunction
 - ▶ Left: symmetric monoidal closed category
 - ▶ Right: Lambek category

Exchange Natural Transformation

$\text{ex}^{FG} : A \triangleright B \rightarrow B \triangleright A$ in the co-Eilenberg-Moore category \mathcal{L}^{FG} of the comonad on the Lambek category